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[Total No. of Pages: 1

# PGIS-243-A-22 LL.M. I Semester (CBCS) Degree Examination LAW (CONSTITUTIONAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE LAW)

(Theory and Principles of Constitutional Interpretation)

Paper - SC - 1.1

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

- 1. Answer any **FOUR** questions.
- 2. All questions carry equal marks.
- 1. Discuss the parliament power to amend the Indian constitution. Explain the limitations upon the constituent power with the help of decided cases.
- 2. Explain elaborately saptanga theory of state in ancient India.
- 3. Discuss the internal aid of interpretations with the help of decided cases.
- **4.** Explain different doctrines laid down by the supreme court to resolve legislative conflicts between centre and state.
- 5. Explain the Nehru and Dr. B.R. Ambedkar views about functions of the state.
- **6.** Write a short note on any **two** of the following:
  - a. Concept of Multiculturalism.
  - b. Constitutional ideologies.
  - c. Presumption of constitutionality.

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[Total No. of Pages: 1

## PGIS-241-A-22 LL.M. I Semester Degree Examination LAW (COMMERCIAL LAW)

(Corporate Jurisprudence)

Paper - SC - 1.1

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 80

- 1. Answer any four questions.
- 2. All questions carry equal marks.

1.	Discuss the theories of criminal liability of a company. (20)			
2.	Examine the grounds for lifting of the corporate veil of a company. (20)			
3.	Explain Gower's analysis of the Indour management principle. (20)			
4.	State the powers and functions of Directions in a company. (20)			
5.	Disc	cuss the preventions of mismanagement and oppralism in private and public Con	npanies. (20)	
6.	Write a short notes on any <b>TWO</b> of the following. (20)		(20)	
	a)	Doctrine of ultra vires by a company.		
	b)	Incorporation of foreign companies in India.		
	c)	Winding up of a company.		

### PGIS-240-A-22

## LL.M. I Semester Degree Examination

# LAW (COMMERCIAL LAW AND CONSTITUTIONAL AND

## **ADMINISTRATIVE LAW)**

(Legislative and Judicial Process)

Paper - HC - 1.2

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 80 Instructions to Candidates: Answer any FOUR questions. 2. All questions carry equal marks. What do you mean by binding of legislation and what are the limitations on binding force of 1. (20)legislation? Write a brief note on "Golden rule of interpretation" and what are its disadvantages? (20) 2. "Utilitarian concepts as the basis for formation of legislation". Elucidate. (20)3. (20)Write a brief note on appointment of Judges? 4. (20)Explain the role of supreme court of India in law making process. 5. (20)6. Write a short notes on any **TWO** of the following. Ratio - decidendi. a) American theory. b)

c)

Wambaugh's method.

### PGIS-239-A-22

# LL.M. I Semester Degree Examination LAW (COMMERCIAL LAW AND CONSTITUTIONAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE LAW BRANCH)

(Theories of Law)

Paper - HC - 1.1

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

- 1. Answer any **FOUR** questions.
- 2. All questions carry equal marks.
- 1. Elaborate meaning of jurisprudence and explain importance of study of jurisprudence.
- 2. What is the meaning of natural law and discuss the contributions of John Rawls to the field of natural law.
- 3. Explain the pure theory of law as propounded by Hans Kelsen.
- 4. "Law grows with the growth, and strengthened with the strength of the people, and finally dies away as the nation loses its nationality" Comment.
- 5. Elucidate the contribution of American realists towards the definition of law and decription of legal system.
- **6.** Write a short notes on any **TWO** of the following.
  - a) Marx and Engles on law.
  - b) Gandhian thought on law.
  - c) Natural law and natural rights.

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[Total No. of Pages: 1

# PGIS-242-A-22 LL.M. I Semester Degree Examination LAW (COMMERCIAL LAW)

(Banking Law) Paper - SC - 1.2

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

Instructions to Candidates:

1. Answer any **FOUR** questions.

2. All questions carry equal marks.

- 1. Explain the evolution of Banking system in India.
- 2. Explain kinde of Banks and the functions of commercial Banks.
- 3. Discuss the role of RBI in monitoring the banking system in India.
- 4. What do you mean by dishonour of cheque? Explain kinds of negotiable instruments.
- 5. Explain the laws relating to Banking Companies in India.
- 6. Write a short notes on any **TWO** of the following.
  - a. Types of accounts.
  - b. Duties of banker towards the customer.
  - c. Special classes of customers.

### PGIS-244-A-22

## LL.M. I Semester Degree Examination

## LAW (CONSTITUTIONAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE LAW)

(General Principles of Administrative Law)

**Paper - SC - 1.2** 

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

- 1. Answer any **FOUR** questions.
- 2. All questions carry equal marks.
- 1. "Indian constitution has not indeed recognised the doctrine of separation of power in its absolute rigidity, but the functions of the different branches of the government have been sufficiently differentiated" Analyse the statement in the light of the provisions of the constitution of India.
- 2. "India Constitution is Primarily federal in nature however it has strong centralising tendency comment and explain the unitary features of the Indian constitution also.
- 3. Explain the importance of Lokpal and Lokayukta in the light of transparency, accountability and redressal of grievance.
- 4. What is delegated legislation and explain the importance and need of constitutionality of delegated legislation with supported are laws of supreme court of India.
- 5. What is Judicial review? And explain the judicial review of administrative actions and administrative law with suitable situations.
- **6.** Write a short notes on any **TWO** of the following.
  - a. Right to speedy Trial.
  - b. Quasi Judicial.
  - c. Double Jeopardy.

### PGIS-244-A-22

# LL.M. I Semester Degree Examination

## LAW (CONSTITUTIONAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE LAW)

(General Principles of Administrative Law)

**Paper - SC - 1.2** 

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

- 1. Answer any **FOUR** questions.
- 2. All questions carry equal marks.
- 1. "Indian constitution has not indeed recognised the doctrine of separation of power in its absolute rigidity, but the functions of the different branches of the government have been sufficiently differentiated" Analyse the statement in the light of the provisions of the constitution of India.
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